



### International Organization for Chemical Sciences in Development Promoting the chemical sciences for sustainable human development and economic growth

### Organization Outline and Strategy 2018-2020

**IOCD** builds on more than 35 years of achievement in promoting the chemical sciences for sustainable, equitable human development and economic growth. We seek to help build capacity in the chemical sciences; and to collaborate with other organizations to advance sustainable development globally through strengthening and repositioning research, practice and education in the chemical sciences.

Established<sup>1</sup> in 1981 at UNESCO through the leadership role of Pierre Crabbé, IOCD was *the first international non-governmental organization devoted to enhancing the role of the chemical sciences in development* and involving chemists in low- and middle-income countries, enabling them to contribute to key science and technology areas for development.<sup>2,3</sup>



Pierre Crabbé 1928- 1987

Chemist, humanitarian and founder of IOCD<sup>4</sup>

IOCD Namur, Belgium 2018

www.iocd.org



### Chemistry is a 'platform' science

Chemistry provides **understanding** of the physical and chemical properties of atoms and molecules and **practical methods** for **creating new molecular structures with useful applications.** 

It also contributes to **fundamental** aspects of a range of other sciences, underpinning the dramatic advances seen in recent decades in such fields as biotechnology, energy, environment, genetics, materials and medicine

# Role of the chemical sciences in development

During the last two centuries, the chemical sciences have contributed enormously to **broad improvements in human well-being** (including enhancements in health and life expectancy) and to **wealth creation** for individuals and nations.<sup>5</sup> Landmark examples include:

- Innovations in the generation, storage and use of energy
- Creation of new materials
- Advances in agriculture, food and nutrition
- Better health
- Economic growth

The UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), adopted in 2015, reflect a new global vision of shared responsibility for global development. Achieving the SDGs requires collective global effort – including harnessing science, technology and innovation for development. **IOCD's action group**, **Chemists for Sustainability, has highlighted the roles that chemistry must play in achieving the SDGs.**<sup>6</sup>

### **IOCD's Mission and objectives**

IOCD's mission is to promote the pursuit and application of the chemical sciences for sustainable, equitable human development and economic growth, especially in low- and middleincome countries (LMICs), through:

- **Raising the profile** of the chemical sciences in sustainable development;
- **Promoting capacities** to conduct and use the chemical sciences to advance sustainable development and meet other global challenges;
- **Promoting greater participation** by those working in all aspects of the chemical sciences in global priority areas, including attaining the SDGs and advancing the domains of better health and a better environment.

#### IOCD's Strategy 2017-2020

To fulfil its mission and contribute to the achievement of the SDGs, IOCD is focusing on *two strategic priorities*:

A: Chemistry for better health and a better environment

# B: Capacity building in chemistry education

The work undertaken under each priority is accomplished through IOCD's Action Groups and Projects.

Complementing its work in these focal areas, IOCD utilises meetings, publications and media opportunities to promote the role of the chemical sciences in development.



## Chemistry for better health and a better environment

IOCD aims to foster expanded use of the chemical sciences: to improve health by promoting the uptake and application of relevant techniques for discovery, analysis, synthesis and manufacture of health-related products; and to contribute to a better environment through strengthening sustainable approaches to generating and using clean energy and materials, as well as through chemistry education (see below).

IOCD has long supported capacity building for medicinal chemistry. The current work focuses on provision of on-line training in medicinal chemistry, through an open and distance learning package created by IOCD scientists at the University of Kansas.

IOCD supports a Working Group on Materials for Energy Conversion, Saving and Storage (MATECSS).<sup>7</sup> The group is chaired by Prof. Federico Rosei, who holds the UNESCO Chair in Materials and Technologies for Energy Conversion, Saving and Storage at the INRS, Montreal.

## Capacity building in chemistry education

IOCD aims to strengthen chemical sciences education by developing and disseminating knowledge and learning tools. Activities include the provision of web-based resources, e.g.: on-line tutorials in organic chemistry, available in Spanish<sup>8</sup> and training in practical medicinal chemistry. A suite of on-line chemistry lectures, *ChemCourse* is in preparation. The **Chemistry Education Action Group** helps to push forward this area.

#### **Chemists for Sustainability (C4S)**

This IOCD Action Group was formed by an international group of chemists who believe that *chemistry* and related sciences have indispensable roles to play in helping the world to achieve the SDGs. The group has served advocacy and thinktank roles through written articles, lectures and web materials.

There are currently four core members: **Henning Hopf, Alain Krief, Stephen Matlin and Goverdhan Mehta**. Others are co-opted to bring additional perspectives to the work.

The C4S group argues that chemistry as a discipline needs redesign and reform, in order to ensure that it is attractive and productive as a science and relevant to solving 21st century challenges. The group has presented the concept of 'one-world' **chemistry** – a new orientation for the discipline which emphasises the need for chemistry to be a science for the benefit of society, embracing the understanding that human health, animal health and the environment are all interconnected.<sup>9</sup> This requires ethical behaviour at all times, the employment of systems thinking in relation to all aspects of chemistry education<sup>10</sup> and practice, and strengthening the capacity of chemistry for cross-disciplinary working.

Details of all these and other activities of IOCD can be found on the website:

www.iocd.org



#### **Impact of IOCD**

IOCD has helped raise awareness of the importance of the chemical sciences nationally and internationally and the profile of chemists and their contributions to development. This was aided by success in attracting prominent chemists to IOCD's cause, including the Presidents (two Nobel laureates), Council (included four additional Nobel laureates) and leaders and members of its Senior Advisory Council, action groups and projects.



Jean-Marie Lehn Nobel Laureate in Chemistry

**Glen T. Seaborg** 

Nobel Laureate in

Chemistry

**IOCD** President

1981-1992

IOCD President Since 1993

#### General Assembly 2018 Members: Berhanu Abegaz (Ethiopia)

Jean-Pierre Décor (France) Henning Hopf (Germany) Alain Krief (Tunisia/France/Belgium) Jean-Marie Lehn (France) Stephen Matlin (United Kingdom) Goverdhan Mehta (India) Vivian Yam (China) Observers: Carlos Rius (Mexico) Michael Tempesta (United States)

#### References

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# For further information and details of IOCD's programmes

Visit IOCD's Website: www.iocd.org

Contact IOCD's secretariat: **Prof Alain Krief Executive Director, IOCD 61 Rue de Bruxelles, Namur 5000, Belgium** 

Tel: +32 81 724 548 alain.krief@unamur.be